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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/815,769 04/02/2004		Daisuke Yahata	360842009710	9944
75	90 12/06/2005	•	EXAMINER	
Barry E. Brets	chneider		JUSKA, CHE	ERYL ANN
Morrison & Foo	erster LLP			
Suite 300			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1650 Tysons Boulevard			1771	
McLean, VA 22102			DATE MAILED: 12/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Antique O		10/815,769	YAHATA ET AL.
Office Action Sum	mary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Cheryl Juska	1771
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
	M THE MAILING DA the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 e of this communication. e maximum statutory period we eriod for reply will, by statute, hree months after the mailing	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
 Responsive to communicated This action is FINAL. Since this application is in closed in accordance with 	2b)⊠ This condition for allowar	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)	is/are withdrav ved. ted. cted to.	vn from consideration.	
9) The specification is objecte 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>02</u> .			by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that	it any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s		on is required if the drawing(s) is ob aminer. Note the attached Office	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a) All b) Some * c) N 1. Certified copies of the certified application from the	lone of: te priority documents te priority documents td copies of the prior International Bureau		ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (P Paper No(s)/Mail Date 04/04.		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claims 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationship is the relationship of the claimed crimped yarn to the carpet construction. Is said yarn part of the carpet pile, the base fabric, or another structural component of the carpet?
- 4. Claims 22-24 are indefinite for claiming the invention in terms of physical properties rather than the chemical or structural features that produce said properties. *Ex parte Slob*, 157 USPQ 172, states, "Claims merely setting forth physical characteristics desired in an article, and not setting forth specific composition which would meet such characteristics, are invalid as vague, indefinite, and functional since they cover any conceivable combination of ingredients either presently existing or which might be discovered in the future and which would impart said desired characteristics." Also, "it is necessary that the product be described with sufficient particularity that it can be identified so that one can determine what will and will not infringe."

Benger Labs, Ltd v. R.K. Laros Co., 135 USPQ 11, In re Bridgeford 149 USPQ 55, Locklin et al. v. Switzer Bros., Inc., 131 USPQ 294. Furthermore, "Reciting the physical and chemical characteristics of the claimed product will not suffice where it is not certain that a sufficient number of characteristics have been recited that the claim reads only on the particular compound which applicant has invented." Ex parte Siddiqui, 156 USPQ 426, Ex parte Davission et al., 133 USPQ 400, Ex parte Fox, 128 USPQ 157.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 6. Claims 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by JP 2002-180340 A issued to Matsumura et al.

Applicant claims a tufted carpet comprising an aliphatic polyester multifilament crimped yarn, preferably employed in at least a part of the base cloth or primary backing. Said crimped yarn has a melting point of at least 130 C, a crimp elongation rate of 3-35% after being processed with boiling water, and a breaking strength of 1-5 cN/decitex.

Matsumura discloses an aliphatic polyester multifilament crimped yarn suitable for carpets and a carpet produced from said yarn (English abstract). Said crimped yarn has the claimed melting point, crimp elongation, and breaking strength (English abstract and translation, sections [0009] and [0038]). The aliphatic polyester yarn be face yarns and at least part of the

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base fabric (section [0011]). Thus, claims 22-24 are anticipated by the cited Matsumura reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over JP 2002-105752 issued to Okawa et al.

Okawa discloses a bulky biodegradable yarn suitable for carpeting (English abstract).

The yarn is a multifilament yarn comprising an aliphatic polyester and has a crimp rate of 5-25% (English abstract and translation, section [0008]).

Although Okawa does not explicitly teach the properties of melting temperature or breaking strength, it is reasonable to presume that said properties are inherent to the invention. Support for said presumption is found in the use of similar materials (i.e., crimped aliphatic polyester multifilament yarn) used to produce the carpet. The burden is upon applicant to prove otherwise. *In re Fitzgerald*, 205 USPQ 495. In the alternative, the claimed properties would obviously have been provided by the process disclosed by Okawa. Note *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 433, footnote 4 (CCPA 1977) as to the providing of this rejection under 35 USC 103 in addition to the rejection made above under 35 USC 102. Therefore, claim 22 is rejected.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. Claims 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the cited Okawa reference.

While Okawa teaches the yarn is for carpets, the reference is silent with respect to tufted carpet and using said yarn in the primary backing. However, said claims are deemed obvious over the reference. Specifically, tufted constructions are conventional in the art of carpets. Applicant is hereby given Official Notice of this fact. Therefore, it would have been readily obvious to employ said yarn in a tufted carpet construction since said constructions are common and commercially successful in the art of carpets. Hence, claim 23 is rejected as being obvious over the cited art.

Regarding claim 24, it would have also been readily obvious to employ said yarn in the primary backing in order to produce a carpet which not only has a biodegradable face but also a biodegradable backing for producing an overall degradable carpet. Therefore, claim 24 is also rejected as being obvious over the cited art.

Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cheryl Juska whose telephone number is 571-272-1477. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 10am-6pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached at 571-272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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11. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PRIMARY EXAMINER